# FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK

#### Fiscal Agent of the United States

[Circular No. 5125] December 19, 1961]

## **RESULTS OF BIDDING FOR 91-DAY AND 182-DAY TREASURY BILLS** TO BE ISSUED DECEMBER 21, 1961

# To All Incorporated Banks and Trust Companies, and Others Concerned, in the Second Federal Reserve District:

At the time of printing our Circular No. 5123, dated December 15, 1961, announcing an offering of 91day and 182-day Treasury bills, to be issued December 28, 1961, the results of bidding for the previous week's offering of 91-day and 182-day Treasury bills, to be issued December 21, 1961, were not available. The results, now available, are:

# **Range of Accepted Competitive Bids**

	91-Day Treasury Bills Maturing March 22, 1962			182-Day Treasury Bills Maturing June 21, 1962	
	Price	Approx. equiv. annual rate	Price	Approx. equiv. annual rate	
High	99.331 ª	2.647%	98.540 <sup>b</sup>	2.888%	
Low	99.322	2.682%	98.520	2.927%	
Average	99.325	2.670% 1	98.526	2.915% 1	

<sup>a</sup> Excepting two tenders totaling \$530,000.

<sup>b</sup> Excepting one tender of \$4,032,000.

<sup>1</sup> On a coupon issue of the same length and for the same amount invested, the return on these bills would provide yields of 2.73 percent for the 91-day bills, and 3.00 percent for the 182-day bills. Interest rates on bills are quoted in terms of bank discount, with the return related to the face amount of the bills payable at maturity rather than the amount invested, and their length in actual number of days related to a 360-day year. In contrast, yields on certificates, notes, and bonds are computed in terms of interest on the amount invested, and relate the number of days remaining in an interest payment period to the actual number of days in the period, with semiannual compounding if more than one coupon period is involved.

(49 percent of the amount of 91-day bills bid for at the low price was accepted.)

(74 percent of the amount of 182-day bills bid for at the low price was accepted.)

## Total Tenders Applied for and Accepted (By Federal Reserve Districts)

	91-Day Treasury Bills Maturing March 22, 1962		182-Day Treasury Bills Maturing June 21, 1962	
District	Applied for	Accepted	Applied for	Accepted
Boston	\$ 35,130,000	\$ 27,540,000	\$ 19,741,000	\$ 17,691,000
New York	1,760,937,000	755,833,000	934,644,000	441,523,000
Philadelphia	32,260,000	10,850,000	8,141,000	3,141,000
Cleveland	38,623,000	37,417,000	25,953,000	24,121,000
Richmond	19,120,000	16,789,000	2,881,000	2,831,000
Atlanta	30,636,000	23,981,000	8,816,000	7,016,000
Chicago	207,573,000	95,838,000	94,900,000	56,196,000
St. Louis	35,088,000	27,088,000	6,502,000	4,870,000
Minneapolis	19,990,000	10,690,000	6,478,000	2,758,000
Kansas City	60,898,000	31,890,000	14,582,000	10,222,000
Dallas	30,527,000	27,527,000	7,324,000	3,924,000
San Francisco	52,531,000	35,890,000	34,812,000	25,901,000
Total	\$2,323,313,000	\$1,101,333,000 °	\$1,164,774,000	\$600,194,000 d

c Includes \$239,466,000 noncompetitive tenders accepted at the average price of 99.325.

d Includes \$52,163,000 noncompetitive tenders accepted at the average price of 98.526.

ALFRED HAYES, President.